



$$4① \quad \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4}, \quad \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{2}^1}{7} \times \frac{3}{\cancel{4}_2} = \frac{3}{\cancel{5}_1} \times \frac{\cancel{5}^1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{3}{14} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$= \frac{24}{56}, \quad \frac{42}{56}$$

$$\because 42 > 24$$

$$\therefore \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} > \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4}$$

$$①① \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cancel{2}} \times \frac{\cancel{6}^3}{7}, \quad \frac{\cancel{2}}{3} \times \frac{\cancel{3}}{7}$$

$$= \frac{3}{7}, \quad \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\because 3 > 2$$

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$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} > \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7}$$