

## Ex 3.6 Question 1

$$① \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3y} = 2 \dots ①$$

$$\frac{1}{3x} + \frac{1}{2y} = \frac{13}{6} \dots ②$$

Put  $\frac{1}{x} = a, \frac{1}{y} = b$

① becomes

$$\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{3} = 2$$

(×6)

$$3a + 2b = 12 \dots ③$$

② becomes

$$\frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{2} = \frac{13}{6}$$

(×6)

$$2a + 3b = 13 \dots ④$$

$$③ \times 2 - ④ \times 3$$

$$6a + 4b = 24$$

$$6a + 9b = 39$$

$$\underline{\underline{-5b = -15}}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 3$$

$$\text{Sub } ④, \quad 2a + 3 \times \frac{1}{3} = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow 2a = 13 - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{12}{2},$$

$$a = 6$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$b = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$⑤ \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{y}} = 2$$

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{9}{\sqrt{y}} = -1$$

Put  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = a, \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} = b$

$$2a + 3b = 2 \dots ⑤ \times 3$$

$$4a - 9b = -1 \dots ⑥ \times 2,$$

$$⑤ \times 3 + ⑥ \times 1$$

$$6a + 9b = 6$$

$$4a - 9b = -1$$

$$\underline{\underline{10a = 5}}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$$

Sub ①

$$2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 3b = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3b = 2 - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2} \quad | \quad b = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2} \quad | \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{y} = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 9$$