

6) given - In fig. $\square ABCD$ is a $\parallel gm$

To Prove - $AB^2 + BC^2 + CD^2 + DA^2 = AC^2 + BD^2$

Proof - diagonals of $\parallel gm$ bisect each other

$\therefore OA = OC \dots \textcircled{I}$
 $OB = OD \dots \textcircled{II}$

In $\triangle DAC$, DO is median to side BC

$\therefore CD^2 + DA^2 = 2DO^2 + \frac{AC^2}{2} \dots \textcircled{III}$

BO is median to side BC of $\triangle BAC$

$\therefore AB^2 + BC^2 = 2BO^2 + \frac{AC^2}{2} \dots \textcircled{IV}$

$\textcircled{III} + \textcircled{IV}$

$$AB^2 + BC^2 + CD^2 + DA^2 = \frac{AC^2}{2} + \frac{AC^2}{2} + 2DO^2 + 2BO^2$$

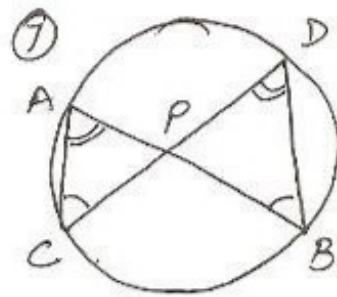
$$= \frac{2AC^2}{2} + \frac{2 \times BD^2}{4} + \frac{2 \times BD^2}{4}$$

[$\because BO = DO = \frac{1}{2}BD$]

$$= AC^2 + \frac{BD^2}{2} + \frac{BD^2}{2}$$

$$= AC^2 + \frac{2BD^2}{2}$$

$\therefore AB^2 + BC^2 + CD^2 + DA^2 = AC^2 + BD^2$



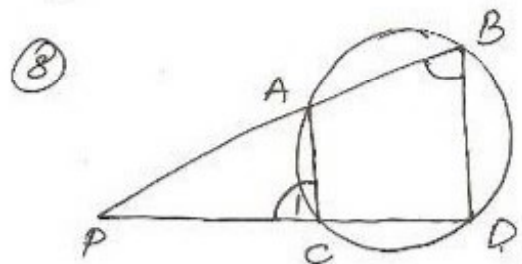
7) To Prove (i) $\triangle APC \sim \triangle DPB$
 (ii) $AP \cdot PB = CP \cdot DP$

Proof - $\angle C = \angle B$ [angles in same seg.]
 $\angle A = \angle D$ [Same Seg.]

$\therefore \triangle APC \sim \triangle DPB$ by AA cor.

$\Rightarrow \frac{AP}{DP} = \frac{CP}{BP}$

$\Rightarrow AP \cdot PB = CP \cdot DP$



8) To Prove $\triangle APC \sim \triangle DPB$
 $PA \cdot PB = PC \cdot PD$

Proof $\angle P = \angle P$
 $\angle C = \angle B$ [exterior angle prop. of cyclic quad.]

$\therefore \triangle PAC \sim \triangle PDB$ by AA cor.

$\frac{PA}{PD} = \frac{PC}{PB}$

$\Rightarrow PA \cdot PB = PC \cdot PD$